MAY, 1784. THE NUMB. 2815.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1784.

Juſt publiſhed and now ſelling at BELL's BOOK-STORE, Near St. Paul's Church, in Third-ſtreet---
Price ONE THIRD OF A DOLLAR, *with conſiderable allowance to thoſe who buy Quantities to give away.*

AN APPEAL

To the SERIOUS and CANDID PROFESSORS of

CHRISTIANITY.

On the following Subjects.

I. The uſe of Reaſon in Matters of Religion.
II. The Power of Man to do the Will of God.
III. Original Sin.
IV. Election and Reprobation.
V. The Divinity of Chriſt, and
VI. Atonement for Sin by the Death of Chriſt.

BY JOSEPH PRIESTLY, L. L. D. F. R. S.
And a Lover of the Goſpel.

To which are added, A conciſe Hiſtory of the Riſe of thoſe Doctrines; and the

TRIUMPH OF TRUTH;

Being an Account of the

TRIAL OF MR. E. ELWALL,
For Hereſy and Blaſphemy, at Stafford Aſſizes.

To us there is one God, the FATHER, *and one Mediator, the* MAN CHRIST JESUS------1 Cor, viii. 6.------1. Tim. ii. 5.

N. B. For more particulars in the American Book-World, pleaſe to enquire for Bell's Sale Catalogue of New and Old Books, with the loweſt price printed to each Book, conſiſting of ſeveral thouſand Volumes, in Arts, Sciences and Entertainment, for perſons of all Denominations Price A Quarter of a Dollar.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On the 29th inſtant, at 12 o'clock, at the Coffee-houſe,

EIGHT LOTS of GROUND, adjoining each other, four of them ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets from Schuylkill, each containing 25 feet front on Arch-ſtreet, by 153 feet deep.

The other four fronting on the middle of Cherry-alley, each 25 feet front, and 153 feet deep. *May* 17, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN on the 11th of this inſtant, out of the ſhed, at William Heaton's tavern, at the 14 mile ſtone, on the old York road, a bright bay MARE, ſaddle and bridle, 5 years old this ſpring, about 14 hands and an half high, one hind foot white, trots and canters well. Whoever ſecures and delivers ſaid mare to the owner, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, living in Buckingham townſhip, Bucks county.

May 13, 1784. ¶ CORNELIUS SHEPHERD.

TO BE RENTED,

A genteel brick HOUSE,

On the north ſide of Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets.

IT is three ſtories high, and has two rooms on each floor, the front rooms up ſtairs are the whole width of the houſe, the ſtair-caſe is carried up in a ſeparate building, adjoining to which are a convenient brick kitchen, and a building very convenient for ſtoring goods, both two ſtories high; there are excellent dry cellars under the whole, and in good order; and beyond the buildings is a ſmall garden, fenced with good cedar pailing.

This houſe is excellently well ſituated for a gentleman in trade, and poſſeſſion may be had immediately. For further particulars apply to the printers. §

Philadelphia, 5th Month 11th, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, with a large LOT of GROUND appurtenant, on the Main ſtreet in the town of Wilmington, Delaware State, inferior to none in the government for ſize and convenience, and is in compleat repair; poſſeſſion may be had immediately. If not ſold by the fifteenth of the ſixth month, next, then to be let. For terms apply in Cheſtnut ſtreet, near Third ſtreet, to ¶ JONATHAN DAWES.

N. B. Land, approved of, would be taken in payment.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks county, We, the ſubſcribers, appointed by the ſaid court to ſettle and adjuſt the accounts of the creditors of BENJAMIN LUKENS, late of the ſaid county, have appointed to meet at the houſe of AMOS DILWORTH, in Warminſter townſhip, on the firſt day of June next, at nine o'clock in the morning, at which time all the ſaid creditors are deſired to attend, with their accounts properly atteſted, in order to have their dividends ſettled of the effects of ſaid Lukens, which have been attached by the Sheriff of the ſaid county.

DANIEL LONGSTRETH,
April 24, 1784. § ISAAC HOUGH,
ROBERT COMLY.

Douglaſs townſhip, Berks county, April 27, 1784.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber being wrongfully accuſed by one MARY WOULBERT, who, through the inſtigation of ſome of her lovers, hath ſworn that ſhe is big with child by me, and I being through threatening and perſuaſion compelled to marry her; but having ſince found out that ſhe ſwore the child to the wrong perſon, I therefore deſire all perſons not to truſt the ſaid Mary Woulbert any thing on my account, for I will not pay any thing of her contracting from the date hereof, and never keep houſe with her. § PETER ECKEL.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, in the night of the 5th inſtant, a black horſe, 7 years old laſt ſpring, neither brand nor ear-mark, his mane and foretop thin and ſhort, a ſmall ſtar hardly perceivable, ſomewhat hollow backed, ſhod all round, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high, carries well when mounted; he is ſuppoſed to be taken by two men, the one middling luſty, with a purple cloth coat, corduroy breeches, a round hat, with mourning round it; the other a ſmall ſized man, with a blue coat, a large cocked hat; they ſay they have been light horſe men. Whoever will deliver the horſe and thief or thieves to the ſubſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or Four Dollars for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by

April 9, 1784. WILLIAM JOHNSON.

City Vendue-Store.

THE CITY AUCTIONEERS having found from Experiance, many Inconveniences ariſing from MONDAY being a fixed Day for Sales at the Store.

Their FRIENDS and the PUBLIC will therefore be pleaſed to obſerve, that in future, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be the fixed Days for SALES at the Store, and every MARKET-DAY (as uſual) at the COFFEE-HOUSE.

The Sale of HOUSHOLD FURNITURE will commence at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, and DRY GOODS immediately after.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,

At TEN o'CLOCK,

On FRIDAY next,

Will begin the SALE of

A VERY large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR & Co. Auctioneers.

On TUESDAY,

The 25th Inſtant, at XII o'CLOCK, at the COFFEE-HOUSE,

Will be SOLD by public Vendue,

PART of that elegant COUNTRY SEAT, formerly owned by Captain John M'Pherſon, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Schuylkill, four miles from the city, containing 22 acres and 3 quarters, 5 of which are watered meadow. There are on the premiſes, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, an excellent ſtone quarrey, and an excellent ſhad fiſhery. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

Juſt imported in the Active, Captain Powell, from Liverpool, and other late veſſels from England, and to be ſold, by

WILLIAM SADLEIR,

At his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, two doors below Market-ſtreet (late Mr. Andrew Caldwell's) an aſſortment of

Yard wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linens, white and brown ſheetings; and

MANCHESTER GOODS:

Among which are,

COTTON and linen checks of different widths,
Linen, ſilk and cotton handkerchiefs,
Romals, pullicats and ſhawls,
Printed linens, cottons, calicoes, and a few neat patches of chintz,
Dutch, French & Queens cord,
Brown and white jeans, and jeanets,
Printed ditto,
Corduſets, ſnowdinets and fattinets,
Royal ribs and ribdelewrs,
Denims,
Thickſets,
Printed and plain velvets,
Velverets,
Princes ſtuffs, &c.

Alſo an extenſive aſſortment of Birmingham and Sheffield GOODS; ſuch as japanned ware, knives and forks, penknives, ſciſſars, carpenters tools, ſadlery, &c. with various other articles, too tedious to mention.

N. B. The above goods are purchaſed from the manufacturers, and to be ſold by the invoice or package. Said Sadleir is determined to ſell them at the loweſt prices for caſh, good bills of exchange, or produce. Tbc,

Juſt imported, and to be SOLD by

JAMES REYNOLDS,

At his LOOKING-GLASS STORE, the GOLDEN BOY, near the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, in Third-ſtreet,

A GREAT Variety of Engliſh, French and Dutch Looking-Glaſſes, beſt London made Paper Hangings, japanned Waiters, Trays, Bread Baſkets, Mugs, Cans, &c. &c. at very low Prices, and of the beſt Workmanſhip.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the weſt ſide of the main ſtreet, in Germantown, an airy, high ſituation, commanding an agreeable proſpect of the adjacent country; the houſe is 45 feet front and 40 deep, two ſtories high, four rooms on a floor, all finiſhed in the moſt elegant manner; there are alſo ſuitable back buildings, all in good order, and a pump of excellent water in the yard; the lot contains about two acres, on which are an orchard of the beſt grafted fruit of various kinds, a large garden, pailed in. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to David Deſhler. † *Philad. May* 11.

HEWES & ANTHONY,

Have for SALE, at their STORE, the North Side of Cheſnut-ſtreet Wharff,

EXCELLENT high Proof Jamaica Spirits,
New-England Rum,
Molaſſes,
Choice old Claret in Hogſheads,
Spermaceti and Tallow Candles,
Hyſon and Green Tea,
A Quantity of Nuremberg Goods, conſiſting of ſmall Looking-Glaſſes, Snuff-Boxes, Toys, &c.
Some Trunks of Womens Stuff Shoes,
4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. Engliſh Nails,
German and Swediſh Steel,
A few Boxes candied Fruit and Roſolis,
Ten Tierces Sulphur,
A few Bags good new Hops,
200 Barrels pickled Fiſh, and a few Quintals dry Cod-Fiſh.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from France and England, and to be SOLD by

DONNALDSON & COXE,

At their STORE in Walnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,---A general aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

ſuitable to the Seaſon. Philad. May 7. tbctf

TO BE SOLD, by JOHN LOWNES,

In Third-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet,
A few hundred weight of the beſt kind of

CHESHIRE CHEESE,

In good order, Alſo CLOVER and TIMOTHY GRASS SEEDS. §

The UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled,
APRIL 27, 1784.

CONGRESS reſumed the conſideration of the report of the GRAND COMMITTEE appointed to prepare and report to Congreſs, the arrears of intereſt on the national debt, together with the expences for the year 1784, from the firſt to the laſt day thereof inclusive, and a requiſition of money on the ſtates, for diſcharging the ſame, which being amended to read as follows—

RESOLVED,

THAT there will be wanting for arrears of intereſt on the national debt to the end of the year 1783, and for the intereſt of the foreign debt and ſervices of the preſent year 1784, from the firſt to the laſt day thereof inclusive, the following ſums expreſſed in Dollars, tenths and hundredths of Dollars.

The civil department, -	107525 33	
The military department,	200000	
The marine department,	30000	
Purchaſes of Indian rights of ſoil, and the incidental expences, -	60000	
Contingencies, - -	60000	
		457525 33
Debts contracted and ſtill unpaid for ſervices of 1782 and 1783, -		1000000
Intereſt on the national debt as follows:		
FOREIGN DEBT.		
1782. Dec. 31. Three years intereſt on the Spaniſh loan of 150000 dollars, at five per cent. - - -	22500	
1783. Dec. 31. Spaniſh loan, one year, - -	7500	
To the Farmers General of France, livres 846710-5 -	7840	
1784. June. 1. Dutch loan of 1800000 florins, at 5 per cent.	35000	
Sept. 3. French loan of 24 million livres at ditto, -	222000	
Nov. 5. Dutch loan of 10 million livres, guaranteed by France, - - -	74074	
Dec. 31. Spaniſh loan, -	7500	
Farmers General of France,	7840	
		384254
DOMESTIC DEBT.		
1782. Dec. 31. Loan-office debt, 11473802-26 at 6 per cent.	1184176	
Liquidated debt, 701404 at ditto, - - -	21042	
Army debt, 5635618 at do.	676272	
	1881490	
Deduct the requiſition of September 4, 1782. -	1200000	
		681490
1783. Dec. 31. Loan-office debt, - - - -	749050	
Liquidated debt, -	42084	
Unliquidated debt, eſtimated at 8 million dollars, ſuppoſe 1-3d now liquidated,	160000	
Army debt, - -	338136	
		1289270
Total, -		3812539 33

The committee were appriſed that the reſolutions of Congreſs of April the 18th, 1783, had recommended to the ſeveral ſtates the raiſing an annual revenue, for the purpoſe of diſcharging the principal and intereſt of the national debt, by the eſtabliſhment of certain impoſts, and providing ſupplementary funds for a given term of years, to be raiſed in ſuch a way as they might judge moſt convenient; but it occurred to them, that thoſe recommendations were ſtill under ſuſpence with ſeveral of the legiſlatures, ſome of them having as yet acceded to the impoſt only, and others decided neither on the impoſt nor ſupplementary funds: That however deſirable a compliance therewith is, for the preſervation of our faith, and eſtabliſhment of a national credit, yet as time has already elapſed, and more muſt elapſe before their final confirmation can be hoped, as, after it ſhall be obtained, time will alſo be requiſite to advance the plan to the term of actual collection, good faith requires that in the mean while other meaſures ſhould be reſorted to for the purpoſe of diſcharging the growing intereſt.

In the ſtatement of the intereſt due at the cloſe of the year 1782, the committee have ſuppoſed its amount leſſened by 1200000 dollars, required and apportioned by the reſolutions of Congreſs of September the 4th and 10th, 1782, and appropriated to the ſole purpoſe of paying the intereſt of the public debt. This requiſition gave licence to the ſtates to apply ſo much as ſhould be neceſſary of their reſpective quotas of it, to the payment of intereſt due on certificates iſſued from the Loan-office of their own ſtates, and other liquidated debts of the United States contracted therein. Hence they ſuppoſe it has happened, that the actual payments of theſe quotas have been uncommunicated to the Office of Finance for the United States. The committee are of opinion, that the ſtates ſhould be deſired to communicate to the Superintendant of Finance, the payments they have made under this requiſition, and where they have been incomplete, to haſten their completion, as the means ſtill relied on by Congreſs for the diſcharge of that part of the intereſt of the public debt—And while on this ſubject, they beg leave to add, that from the repreſentation to Congreſs by the Miniſter of France, referred to this committee, they learn that in ſome of the ſtates, a diſcrimination has taken place between the citizens of their own and ſubjects or citizens of other countries, which was not authoriſed by the ſaid reſolution: They are of opinion, that ſuch ſtates ſhould be required to reviſe and reform their proceedings herein, and to extend the benefits, both paſt and future, of this proviſion equally and impartially to all perſons within its deſcription.

Your committee then came to conſider in what way it would be beſt to call for the ſums requiſite for the ſervices before ſtated; and they thought it their duty in the firſt place to enquire, whether no ſurpluſſes might remain on former requiſitions of Congreſs, after the purpoſes were effected to which they were originally appropriated; under an aſſurance that it would be both the duty and ſenſe of Congreſs to apply ſuch ſurpluſſes, in every inſtance, towards leſſening the next requiſitions on the ſtates. They found in fact that ſuch a ſurplus would remain on the requiſition of October 30, 1781, for eight millions of dollars for the ſervices of the enſuing year, and that this ſurplus would be great from the following circumſtances:—That requiſition was eſtimated on ſuppoſition, that the continental army would be completed by the ſtates to its full eſtabliſhment; and that cloathing, ſubſiſtence and other neceſſaries for ſuch an army, muſt of courſe be provided. The ſtates were far ſhort of producing ſuch an army. Hence the calls for money were proportionally abridged. It was eſtimated too, on the further ſuppoſition that we might be diſappointed in the endeavours we were then exerting to borrow money both at home and abroad, and of courſe that the whole muſt be ſupplied by taxes. Loans however were obtained, and the ſurplus increaſed by this ſecond cauſe. A third circumſtance has further enlarged it. The payments on this requiſition have been ſmall and ſlow. Hence, inſtead of money, thoſe who ſerved and ſupplied the United States have received certificates only that money is due to them, and theſe debts have been transferred to the fund propoſed to be raiſed by way of impoſt: So that though the debts exiſt, they are removed from this to another fund. To know then the amount of this ſurplus, the committee extended their enquiries to the ſums actually received under this requiſition, the purpoſes to which they have been applied, and the anticipations thereof ſtill unſatisfied. They found that 1,486,511 71, only of the eight millions of dollars had been received at the Treaſury at the cloſe of the year 1783; that theſe had been applied to the ſervices of the years 1782 and 1783, and that for other ſervices of the ſame years, debts were contracted to the amount of about one million of dollars more, which depend for their diſcharge on further receipts under this requiſition; a ſtatement of the expenditures of which ſums ſhould be made out and forwarded to the Legiſlatures of the ſeveral ſtates. Your committee then are of opinion that a ſurplus of 5,513,488 28 dollars will remain of this requiſition, after anſwering all the demands which actually aroſe againſt it, which were not anſwered by other means, nor transferred to other funds; and that this ſurplus ought to be applied, ſo far as it will go, to the common purpoſes of the United States, ſo as to prevent new requiſitions on them till the old ſhall have been exhauſted, and to ſhew to thoſe who may have paid their whole quota of any requiſition, that they will not be called on anew till all the other ſtates ſhall in like manner have paid up their quotas.

Your committee found alſo that there was a requiſition of Congreſs of October 16, 1782, for two millions of dollars for the ſervices of the year 1783, on which ſome ſmall payments had been tendered, but that the Superintendant of Finance had found it better to receive and credit them as part of the eight millions. They are accordingly comprehended in the ſum before ſtated to have been paid in under that head.

Having thus ſtated the demands exiſting againſt the ſtates, the committee would have performed but half their duty, had they paſſed over unnoticed their condition to pay them. Their abilities muſt be meaſured in weighing their burthens. Their creditors themſelves will view them juſt relieved from the ravages of predatory armies, returning from an attendance on camps, to the culture of their fields—beginning to ſow, but not yet having reaped—exhauſted of neceſſaries and habitual comforts, and therefore needing new ſupplies out of the firſt proceeds of their labour. Forbearance then, to a certain degree, will ſuggeſt itſelf to them. Congreſs, entruſted with the diſpenſation of juſtice between the public and its creditors, will ſuppoſe both parties deſirous that their mutual ſituations ſhould be conſidered and accommodated. Your committee are of opinion that if the whole balances of the two requiſitions of eight and of two millions, ſhould be rigorouſly called into payment within the courſe of the preſent year, a compliance with ſuch call would produce much diſtreſs; and that a proportion ſhort of this ſhould be fixed on, within the reach of the leaſt as well as of the moſt able ſtates. They propoſe therefore that the ſtates be required to furniſh within the courſe of the preſent year, ſuch part of their deficiencies under the requiſition of eight millions, as, with their payments to the cloſe of the laſt year, will make up one half of their original quota thereof. And that theſe payments be appropriated in conformity with the ſtatement in the firſt part of this report, giving generally, where accommodation cannot be effected among the ſeveral objects, a preference according to the order in which they are arranged in the ſaid ſtatement.

But while this proportion of former deficiencies is of neceſſity called for, under the preſſure of demands which will admit neither denial nor delay, and the punctual compliance of every ſtate is expected, to enable the fœderal adminiſtration with certainty to ſatisfy theſe demands, it is earneſtly and warmly recommended to the abler ſtates, to go as far beyond this proportion in ſpecie, as their happier ſituation will admit; under an aſſurance, that ſuch further contributions will be applied towards diſcharging the public debts agreeably to the preceding ſtatement, and will be placed to their credit in the next requiſitions, with intereſt thereon from the time of payment; and alſo that before any further demand is made upon the ſtates, under the requiſition for two millions of dollars, or the requiſition for eight millions of dollars, Congreſs will reviſe the quotas of the ſeveral ſtates mentioned in the ſaid requiſitions reſpectively, and will make them agreeable to juſtice, upon the beſt information Congreſs may have when ſuch demand is made. But as all our exertions will probably fall ſhort of their full object, in that caſe it is believed that the public creditors, ſeeing the load of intereſt accumulated during the war, greater than can be diſcharged in the firſt year of peace, will be contented for the preſent to receive the earlier part of theſe arrears, and to rely for the reſidue on the efforts of the enſuing year.

Individual ſtates have at times thought it hard that while, in their own opinion, they were in advance for the United States on accounts exiſting and unſettled between them, they ſhould yet be called on to furniſh actual contributions of money. The committee obſerve in anſwer to this, firſt, that almoſt every ſtate thinks itſelf in advance; and ſecondly, that it has been the conſtant wiſh of Congreſs that theſe accounts ſhould be ſettled, and the contributions of each be known and credited. They have accordingly taken meaſures, and will continue their endeavours to effect theſe ſettlements: And as a further encouragement to haſten this deſirable work, the committee are of opinion Congreſs ſhould declare, that ſo ſoon as theſe accounts ſhall be ſettled, and it ſhall appear in favour of what ſtates balances ariſe, ſuch ſtates ſhall have credit for the ſame in the requiſitions next enſuing.

But it will be neceſſary to remind the ſtates, that no materials have yet been furniſhed to enable Congreſs to adjuſt the ultimate ratio in which the expenditures of the late war ſhall be apportioned on the ſtates. The confederation directs that this ſhall be regulated by the value of the lands in the ſeveral ſtates, with the buildings and improvements thereon. Experiments made however ſince the date of that inſtrument, for the purpoſes of ordinary taxation, had induced doubts as to the practicability of this rule of apportionment; yet Congreſs thought it their duty to give it fair trial, and recommended to the ſeveral ſtates on the 17th February, 1783, to furniſh an account of their lands, buildings and number of inhabitants, whereon they might proceed to eſtimate their reſpective quotas; but apprehending that the incompetence of the rule would immediately ſhew itſelf, and deſirous that no time ſhould be unneceſſarily loſt, they followed it with another recommendation of the 18th of April, 1783, to ſubſtitute in lieu of that article in the confederation another, which ſhould make the number of inhabitants, under certain modifications, the meaſure of contribution for each ſtate. Both theſe propoſitions are ſtill under reference to the ſeveral legiſlatures; the latter accompanied by the earneſt wiſhes, and preference of Congreſs, under full conviction that it will be found in event as equal, more ſatisfactory, and more eaſy of execution; the former only preſſed, if the other ſhould be rejected. The committee are informed that the ſtates of Connecticut, New Jerſey, Pennſylvania and South-Carolina, have acceded to the alteration propoſed; but have no evidence that the other ſtates have as yet decided thereon. As it is neceſſary that the one or the other meaſure ſhould be immediately reſorted to, they are of opinion it ſhould be recommended to the legiſlatures which have not yet decided between them, to come to deciſion at their next meeting.

In order to preſent to the eye a general view of the ſeveral exiſting requiſitions, and of the payments made under them, the committee has ſubjoined them in the form of a table, wherein the 1ſt column enumerates the ſtates; the 2d the apportionment of the 1,200,000 dollars; the 3d that of the 8 millions; the 4th that of the 2 millions; the 5th the ſums paid by the ſeveral ſtates in part of their reſpective quotas to the laſt day of the year 1783; and the 6th the ſums now required to make up one half of their reſpective quotas of the 8 millions, expreſſed in dollars, tenths and hundredths of dollars.

	Apportionment of the 1,200,000 dollars.	Apportionment of the 8 mil.	Apportionment of the 2 mil.	Paid of the 8 m. before Dec. 31, 1783.	Sums now required to make 1-2 of the 8 m.
New-Hampſhire,	48,000	373,598	80,000	3,000	183,799
Maſſachuſetts,	192,000	1,307,596	320,000	247,676 66	406,121 34
Rhode-Iſland,	28,800	216,684	48,000	67,847 95	40,491 5
Connecticut,	133,200	747,196	222,000	131,577 83	242,020 17
New-York,	54,000	373,598	90,000	39,064 1	147,734 9
New-Jerſey,	66,000	485,679	110,000	102,004 95	140,834 55
Pennſylvania,	180,000	1,120,794	300,000	346,632 98	213,764 2
Delaware,	16,800	112,085	28,000	89,302 11	56,042 5
Maryland,	132,000	933,996	220,000	115,103 53	377,695 89
Virginia,	174,000	1,307,594	292,000		538,691 47
North Carolina,	88,800	612,677	148,000		311,338 5
South-Carolina,	72,000	373,598	120,000	344,301 57	13,453 5
Georgia,	14,400	24,905	24,000		
	1,200,000	8,000,000	2,000,000	1,486,511 71	2,670,987 89

Reſolved, That Congreſs agree to the ſaid report.

APRIL 28, 1784.

Congreſs reſumed the conſideration of the report of the grand committee, appointed to report the arrearages of intereſt, &c. ſo far as reſpected facilities, and the paragraph being amended to read as follows—

It remained laſtly to conſider, whether no facilities might be given to the payment of theſe ſums by the ſeveral ſtates. The committee obſerved that of the purpoſes for which money is wanting, about three fourths can be anſwered by nothing but money itſelf; but that the other fourth, conſiſting of intereſt on our domeſtic debt, may be effected by procuring a diſcount of the demand in the hands of the holders; an operation which will be ſhorter, and leſs impoveriſhing to the ſtate. And however, in times of greater plenty, the accuracy of fiſcal adminiſtration might require all tranſactions to be in actual money, at the Treaſury itſelf; yet till our conſtituents ſhall have had ſome reſpite from their late difficulties, it behoves us to prefer their eaſement. The committee are therefore of opinion that the ſeveral Legiſlatures may be admitted ſo to model the collection of the ſums now called for, that the three fourths of any ſum being paid in actual money, the other fourth may be diſcharged by procuring diſcounts of intereſt with our domeſtic creditors; always taking care that the collection of money ſhall proceed at leaſt in threefold proportion with the operations of diſcount. And to aſcertain the evidences of diſcount which ſhall be receivable in lieu of money, the holders of Loan-office certificates ſhall be at liberty to carry them to the office from which they iſſued; and the holders of certificates of other liquidated debts of the United States, to carry the ſame to the Loan-office of that ſtate wherein the debt was contracted, and to have the intereſt due thereon ſettled and certified to the laſt day of the year 1782; for which intereſt the Loan-officer ſhall give a certificate in ſuch form, and under ſuch cautions and inſtructions, as the Superintendant of Finance ſhall tranſmit to him; which certificates of intereſt being parted with by the holder of the principal, ſhall be deemed evidence that he has received ſatisfaction for the ſame, and therefore ſhall be receivable from the bearer, within the ſame ſtate, and from the ſtate when obtained from the bearer, in lieu of money in the proportion before ſtated; which payment in certificates by the ſtate into the public Treaſury, in the proportion that each ſtate avails itſelf of the facilities, ſhall be conſidered as a diſcharge of ſo much of the intereſt due upon the domeſtic debt, ſo that the three fourths or greater proportion, if any ſtate ſhould not avail itſelf of the facilities in the degree hereby admitted, paid in money at the ſame time, ſhall be applied, giving preference according to the above ſtatement, to the diſcharge of the expences of internal government, and the intereſt due upon the foreign debt. And where Loan-office certificates, iſſued after the firſt day of March 1778, ſhall be preſented to the Loan-officer, they ſhall be reduced to their ſpecie value, according to the reſolutions of Congreſs of June 28, 1780, that ſpecie value expreſſed on ſome part of the certificate, and the intereſt thereon ſettled and certified as in other caſes.

Reſolved, That Congreſs agree to the ſame.

APRIL 29, 1784.

Congreſs took into conſideration the report of a grand committee, to whom was referred the report of a committee on the ſubject of weſtern territory, and thereupon came to the following reſolution——

Congreſs, by their reſolution of September 6, 1780, having thought it adviſeable to preſs upon the ſtates having claims to the weſtern country, a liberal ſurrender of a portion of their territorial claims, by that of the 10th of October, in the ſame year, having fixed conditions to which the union ſhould be bound, on receiving ſuch ceſſions: And having again propoſed the ſame ſubject to thoſe ſtates in their addreſs of April 18, 1783, wherein, ſtating the national debt, and expreſſing their reliance for its diſcharge on the proſpect of vacant territory, in aid of other reſources, they, for that purpoſe, as well as to obviate diſagreeable controverſies and confuſions, included in the ſame recommendation a renewal of thoſe of September the 6th, and of October the 10th, 1780; which ſeveral recommendations have not yet been fully complied with:

Reſolved, That the ſame ſubject be again preſented to the attention of the ſaid ſtates, that they be urged to conſider that the war being now brought to a happy termination by the perſonal ſervices of our ſoldiers, the ſupplies of property by our citizens, and loans of money from them as well as from foreigners; theſe ſeveral creditors have a right to expect that funds ſhall be provided on which they may rely for indemnification; that Congreſs ſtill conſider vacant territory as an important reſource: And that therefore the ſaid ſtates be earneſtly preſſed, by immediate and liberal ceſſions, to forward theſe neceſſary ends, and to promote the harmony of the union.

Southwark Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING,

The 20th of May, at Nine o'Clock, will commence the SALE of a very large and neat Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE:

In the various branches of Woolen and Linen Drapery, Hoſiery, Millinery, Ironmongery and Ship Chandlery.

Alſo, a neat Collection of JEWELLERY: conſiſting of—— Two pearl necklaces and ear-rings ſet in marquizette, a ſett of garnet ear-rings, necklace and hair ſprig, two marquizett hair ſprigs, one Gold Watch with equipage. All which may be viewed any time previous to the ſale.

The Collection of DRY GOODS being too large for one day's ſale, the ſame will be continued on SATURDAY Afternoon at half paſt two o'Clock May 17.

Freſh Drugs and Medicines,

A general Aſſortment, juſt imported in the Olive Branch, Captain Willet, from London, and now on Sale by

DAVID JACKSON,

In Second-ſtreet, midway between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets,

ALSO, very elegant Surgeons pocket inſtruments, ſcalpels, beſt crown and ſpring lancets, neat lancet caſes, catheters, trocars, bolus knives, Apothecaries ſcales and weights, a general aſſortment of ſhop furniture, ſmelling bottles, marble mortars, phials, pill-boxes, camel hair pencils, a few ſetts of crayons, fine carmine, drop lake, flake white, &c.

Likewiſe the following PATENT MEDICINES, viz.

Godfrey's cordial, Anderſon's, Hooper's and Lockyer's pills, Turlington's balſam, Britiſh oil, eſſence of peppermint and Hill's American balſam.

N. B. With the above aſſortment is arrived a quantity of that moſt excellent drug, the RED BARK, which is now in the higheſt reputation, as a perfect cure for intermittent and other fevers. † *May* 19. 1784.

Joſeph, Jonathan and John Mifflin

HAVE juſt imported, in the Olive Branch, Capt. Willet, from London, A general Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they are now opening for Sale, at their Store in Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Walnut-ſtreet.

Now opening for SALE, by

DANIEL TYSON,

In Water-ſtreet, Mid-way between Market and Arch-ſtreets,—— A general Aſſortment of

European and Eaſt-India GOODS,

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from Europe. 4 w

TAKEN from a man, ſuppoſed to be a thief, A pair of ſilver mounted PISTOLS. Whoever hath loſt the ſame, by applying to Juſtice M'MULLIN, in Southwark, may have them again, on proving property, and paying coſts. *May* 13, 1784. ¶

CAME to the plantation of Daniel Benezet, ſen. near the Riſing Sun, A dark brown COW, branded on both horns. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSEPH BANKET. *May* 17, 1784.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.

By Capt. Cox, from the Havanna, we learn, that the Spaniſh government there had exacted a very ſtrict obedience to their orders, ſome time before iſſued, for all Americans, with their veſſels, to leave the iſland, one American only being permitted to ſtay at the Havanna. Capt. Cox, with ſeveral others, were refuſed admittance into the port.

We alſo learn, that the ſhip Tartar, Capt. Forreſter, of this port, had been ſeized at Jamaica, as having arrived there contrary to the proclamation of the 2d of July laſt, iſſued by the Engliſh king in council.

This city has for a week or ten days paſt been infeſted by a gang of villains, who are robbing in the ſtreets and breaking houſes almoſt every night.

Laſt Wedneſday evening, a man and woman paſſing down Second-ſtreet, were attacked by three villains, who robbed the man and cut him acroſs the noſe, and the young woman they wounded with a knife in three places, in an attempt to cut her throat. The ſame gang, as is ſuppoſed, the ſame night, broke open two houſes in South-ſtreet, and a carpenter's ſhop on the Hill.

His Excellency the Preſident and Council have iſſued their proclamation, offering a reward of Three Hundred Pounds for diſcovering the villains, who, on Wedneſday evening laſt, robbed Mrs. Houſton and Mr. Leaming, in Penn-ſtreet, ſo that the perpetrators may be brought to juſtice; and alſo a full pardon to either of them on giving information of his accomplices, ſo that they may be convicted.

The Cruzer, captain Jones, from Briſtol, arrived at New-York on Wedneſday night laſt in 44 days. By her we learn, that his Britannic majeſty, on the 25th of March, made the following ſpeech to both houſes of parliament, viz.

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

On a full conſideration of the preſent ſituation of affairs, and of the extraordinary circumſtances which have produced it, I am induced to put an end to this ſeſſion of parliament. I feel it a duty which I owe to the conſtitution and to the country in ſuch a ſituation, to recur as ſpeedily as poſſible to the ſenſe of my people, by calling a new parliament.

"I truſt that this meaſure will tend to obviate the miſchiefs ariſing from the unhappy diviſions and diſtractions which have lately ſubſiſted; and that the various important objects which will require conſideration, may be afterwards proceeded upon with leſs interruption and with happier effect. I can have no other object but to preſerve the true principles of our free and happy conſtitution, and to employ the powers entruſted to me by law, for the only end for which they were given, the good of my people."

Then the earl of Mansfield, lord chief juſtice of the court of king's bench, and ſpeaker of the houſe of lords, by his majeſty's command, ſaid:

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

"It is his majeſty's royal will and pleaſure, that this parliament be prorogued to Tueſday, the ſixth day of April next, to be then here holden, and this parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tueſday, the ſixth day of April next."

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION,

For diſſolving this preſent parliament, and declaring the calling of another.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS we have thought fit, by and with the advice of our Privy Council, to diſſolve this preſent Parliament, which now ſtands prorogued to Tueſday, the 6th day of April next: We do for that end publiſh this our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby diſſolve the ſaid Parliament accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual, Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, and the Commiſſioners for Shires and Burghs, of the Houſe of Commons, are diſcharged from their meeting and attendance on Tueſday, the ſaid 6th day of April next. And we being deſirous and reſolved, as ſoon as may be, to meet our people, and to have their advice in parliament, do hereby make known to all our loving ſubjects, our royal will and pleaſure to call a new Parliament: And do hereby further declare, that, with the advice of our Privy Council, we have, this day, given order to our Chancellor of Great-Britain to iſſue out writs in due form, for calling a new Parliament; which writs are to bear teſte on Friday the 26th inſtant March, and to be returnable on Tueſday the 18th day of May following.

Given at our Court at the Queen's Houſe, the 25th day of March, 1784, in the 24th year of our Reign.

The town was yeſterday thrown into a very great ferment, by one of the moſt extraordinary incidents that ever happened in the annals of hiſtory. Some robbers having got out of the fields, over the garden wall of the Lord Chancellor's houſe, in Great Ormond ſtreet, from thence found means to get into the area, where they forced two bars of the kitchen window, and proceeding through it up ſtairs, made their way into a room adjoining to his Lordſhip's ſtudy. Here they broke open ſeveral drawers, and at laſt coming to that in which the great ſeal of England is depoſited, they took it out of the bag in which it was kept, and carried it off, together with two ſilver-hilted ſwords, and about 100 guineas in money.

The Great Seal conſiſts of two parts, about the ſize of a ſmall plate, one folding over the other, and the impreſſion made by it is on both ſides of the wax. The matter of which the ſeal is compoſed is chiefly ſilver, in value about 40l. but the workmanſhip amounts to a vaſt deal more.

Government have had information given them that Holland, in delaying the ſignature of the peace, has ſome covered deſign in agitation; that ſhe, in colluſion with France, is ſending out ſhips and forces to the Eaſt-Indies, where probably, on one pretext or other, the war will be renewed, when they obſerve the proper time to attack any poſſeſſions in that part of the world.

The Man of Weſtminſter has met with ſome very cutting retorts in the courſe of his peregrinations among the voters.---One ſhopkeeper had the aſſurance to tell him, that he would give his vote to a more honeſt man!

We can aſſure our readers, that if the coalition majority had proceeded one ſtep farther than they did, and either withheld the neceſſary ſupplies, or refuſed to paſs the mutiny bill, or ventured on any ſuch hardy and daring meaſures, addreſſes would have been preſented to the Crown from almoſt every regiment in the army; a criſis which the outrageous violence of coalition might indeed have rendered neceſſary, but from which the Britiſh conſtitution has been happily preſerved.

March 27. They write from Berlin, that the Pruſſian Miniſter at the Hague is inſtructed to oppoſe the treaty between France and Holland, which is certainly in agitation, and it is well known the influence of his Pruſſian Majeſty is much too powerful to be ſlightly treated on this occaſion.

*** The inhabitants of the county of Philadelphia are deſired to meet at Mr. JACOB NEFF's Tavern, at Cheſnut-Hill, on SATURDAY, the 29th of June next, in order to fix on a place that may be thought moſt convenient to erect the Court Houſe, &c. for the county of Philadelphia, when divided from the city, as the place at preſent propoſed by the Honorable the General Aſſembly is by no means agreeable to a great number of the inhabitants of the county.

Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, Delaware ſtate, May 10.

NOTICE is hereby given to the ſubſcribers for erecting a BAPTIST MEETING-HOUSE, in the borough of Wilmington, that they are requeſted to meet at the houſe of Mr. BEZALEEL BENTLY, in ſaid borough, on THURSDAY, the 27th inſtant, at ten o'clock, to chooſe a TREASURER and MANAGERS to ſuperintend the building.

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling at BELL's BOOK-STORE in Third-ſtreet---Price HALF A DOLLAR,

ILLUMINATIONS FOR *Legiſlators and for Sentimentaliſts*;

CONTAINING,

I. Sentiments on what is FREEDOM, and what is SLAVERY, By a FARMER.

II. Sentiments on LIBERTY, exhibited in Obſervations on the Revolution of America, By ABBE RAYNAL.

III. Sentiments on GOVERNMENT, LAW, ARBITRARY POWER, LIBERTY, and SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS, By JOHN JAMES ROUSSEAU, originally of Geneva.

IV. Sentiments on GOVERNMENT, and on the ENGLISH CONSTITUTION, By J. L. DE LOLME, Advocate, and Citizen of Geneva.

V. BELL's Addreſs to every Freeman; but eſpecially to the Free-Citizens of Pennſylvania, concerning a Tyrannical Embargoe now laid upon the Free-Sale of Books by Auction.

The moſt burthenſome of all Tyrannies, is that which is eſtabliſhed by Law.....LIBERTY.

And with all thy getting, get Underſtanding.....The BIBLE.

N. B. A conſiderable variety of New Books, and Pamphlets, may now be had at ſaid Bell's Book ſtore in Third-ſtreet. §

IMPORTED in the brig CONVENTION, from DUBLIN, AND TO BE SOLD, By

Conyngham, Neſbitt and *Co.*

A GENERAL aſſortment of 3-4ths, 7 8ths and yard wide Iriſh Linens, Oſnabrigs, Loughreas, Sheetings, printed Linens, Threads, Kentings, Thread and Cotton Hoſe, a ſmall Package of Looking-Glaſſes, Porter in Hogſheads and Bottles, Old Hock in Hogſheads and Bottles, and about Thirty Tons of Limeſtone, with a great Variety of other articles. †

IMPORTED

In the Sally, Captain Dodgſon, and the Active, Captain Powell, from Liverpool,

And now opening for SALE,

On the reaſonableſt Terms, for Caſh or a ſhort Credit, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

At his STORE, in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the City Tavern,---

A handſome Aſſortment of

Mancheſter and other GOODS,

[*Particulars of which will be in our next.*]

To be SOLD cheap for CASH,

As the Owner ſails for England on Saturday next,

A HEARTY, ſtout, young NEGROE WENCH, has been uſed to both Town and Country Work, with a Female CHILD, of five Months old. Enquire of the Printers.

Philadelphia, May 18. ‡

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Captain JOHN VICARY, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them, properly proved, to

RICHARD RUNDLE, or)
SAMUEL COATS,) Executors.

c 4 w

To be SOLD at private Sale,

TWO Hundred Acres of Wood-land, about ten miles from Amboy, and about the ſame from New-Bruſwick, in Middleſex county, New-Jerſey; and 300 acres of uncultivated land in Northampton county, Pennſylvania, about 70 miles from Philadelphia: Likewiſe a right to 100 acres in the Gulph Hills. One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down, and one third yearly, with lawful intereſt, until the whole is paid. Apply to ABIGAIL COLLEY, JONATHAN COLLEY, and JACOB PETERMAN. ¶

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 12th day of June next,

A PLANTATION, containing about 220 acres of good land, ſituate in Charleſtown, Cheſter county, within two miles of the Valley-Forge, joining land of Patrick Anderſon, Eſquire, Lewellin Davis, and others: There are on this farm a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, with a ſquare log houſe joining thereto, and a cellar nearly under the whole, a good well of water within 8 feet of the kitchen fire, 19 days mowing of good meadow, and more may be made. It is capable of being made as good a farm as any within ſeveral miles. The title is good, and attendance will be given by the owner, HENRY MILLER. ¶

Lower Merion, May 14, 1784.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on the night of the 11th inſt. DAVID LAWRENCE, an apprentice to the weaving trade, is a ſmart active lad, and hath upwards of two years to ſerve; had on and took with him, a coat and jacket of a light drab coloured homeſpun cloth, brown linen trowſers, a pair of half worn ſhoes and plated carved buckles, a felt hat, almoſt new, a good homeſpun ſhirt, and ſundry other ſummer clothes, alſo, a young rough black dog, with ſome white on his face and belly. Said lad is about 19 years of age, a ſtout fellow, about 5 feet 9 inches and an half high, ſtoops in his walk, loves ſtrong liquor, and has fair ſtrait ſhort hair. Whoever will ſecure ſaid apprentice in any goal in this ſtate, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward, and TWO DOLLARS more for the dog, if brought home, paid by

§ ROBERT ELLIOT, near the Gulph.

CAME to the plantation of the Widow Kite, in Blockley townſhip, on the firſt day of May, a Black HORSE, about four or five years old, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, trots natural, and canters well, the owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away.

† JAMES COOPER.

For DUBLIN,

THE BRIG

CONVENTION,

ROBERT WORKMAN, Maſter;

EXPECTED to ſail about the 10th of June. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at STAMPER's Wharff, or CONYNGHAM, NESBITT & Co. †

N. B. As the Convention was purpoſely conſtructed for Dublin Harbour, ſhe delivers her cargoe at the Cuſtom-houſe Quay, which will be a great ſaving to the ſhippers. † May 18.

For Charleſton, South-Carolina,

The brig RUTLEDGE,

WINGATE NEWMAN, Maſter,

SHE is a new veſſele and has very good Accomodations for Paſſengers, and will be continued in the trade, to ſail the 5th of June. For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply to JOHN REDMAN, or the Captain on board ſaid brig, laying at Mifflin's Wharff, between Race and Vine-ſtreets. Philad. May 19, 1784.

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue,

At the Northern Liberty Auction Store, on the 26th inſt. (May) at three o'clock in the afternoon,

THREE LOTS of GROUND, in Bath Town, one of them a very valuable lot at the interſection of Second-ſtreet with the Germantown road, having a front of 128 feet on each. The other two are each 20 feet front on two ſtreets, and are about 270 feet deep, from Pitt-ſtreet to Third-ſtreet, and are numbered in the plan of ſaid town, No. 1, No. 106, and No. 107. The conditions of ſale will be made known, and the plan of the ſaid town ſhewn, at the place of ſale. Likewiſe at Chriſtopher Baker's, at the corner of Second and Vine-ſtreets.

† JOSHUA CRESSON, Attorney to Samuel Emlen.

Richard Footman,

In THIRD-STREET, next door but one to the BUNCH of GRAPES INN, has imported in the Olive Branch and Mildred, arrived from London

A large aſſortment of *MERCHANDIZE*,

ſuitable to the ſeaſon. Among which are,

SILK roſetta handkerchiefs; needle-work, printed and check ditto; plain, ſtriped and check lawns; needle work and ſouſle aprons; nankeens; printed callicoes, cottons and chintzes; India chintzes and perſians; chip hats; plain and ribbed callimancoes; mantuas, perſians, ſarſnets and modes; copperplate furniture; plain and maſqueraded bengals; linen and cotton checks and ſtripes; thread and cotton hoſe; brown quadruple ſileſias; coloured crapes; corduroys and velvets; Marſeilles quilting and Dutch cord; cotton counterpanes; Flanders ticking and bed bunts; Iriſh linen, and oznaburgs; moreens, durants and dorſetees; 5-4 and 6-4 humhums and coſſaes; Scotch and coloured threads; broad Ruſſia diapers; beſt ſcarf twiſt; Holland tapes and bobbins; pound and packet pins; brown and black buckrams; ſilk gloves and mitts; gartering and quality binding; camflets; princes ſtuffs; everlaſtings; ruſſels; plain, ſpotted, ſtriped and ſouſle gauzes, &c. &c.

Alſo, Beſt LONDON PORTER in Bottles. §

Juſt Arrived, and to be SOLD by

EPHRAIM CLARK,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, at the corner of Market and Front-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

A NUMBER of new enamell'd and other Eight day and Thirty hour Clocks; likewiſe, capt and other Watches, warranted good, as well as an aſſorted invoice of Watch Materials and Tools, conſiſting of Cutting nippers, Plyers, Tail-vizes, Screw-plates, Blow-pipes, Calipers, Saws, Screw-drivers, large and ſmall, Bench-vizes, Glaſſes, Chains, &c. &c. &c. Orders from the country carefully attended to.

N. B. Likewiſe Watches repaired as uſual. †

JOHN CLARK, Dyer in general,

In Second-ſtreet, the ſixth door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, informs the Public,

THAT he wiſhes to purchaſe a quantity of RAW SILK, either in the cocoons or reeled; and as a conſtant demand may be fully expected, he would wiſh to be informed by thoſe, who intend to raiſe any this year in any of the ſtates, what quantity they expect to have, for which he will give a good price. All letters on this ſubject (poſt paid) will be punctually anſwered.

N. B. A ſtout active boy, about 13 or 14 years of age, wanted as an apprentice to the Dying Buſineſs. § 8 w.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WHEREAS Francis Alliſon, the ſon of Robert and Ann Alliſon, of Maryland, in North-America, and who ſerved his apprenticeſhip to a coach-maker in Philadelphia, left that place about 12 years ago, and has not ſince been heard of. If the ſaid Francis Alliſon be now living, he is requeſted to apply to Mr. *Ferguſon M'Ilvaine*, merchant, in Philadelphia, or to Meſſrs. *Parnther* and *Druce*, Sollicitors, in London-ſtreet, London, and he will hear of ſomething greatly to his advantage. If the ſaid Francis Alliſon is dead, any perſon, who can make that fact appear, is requeſted to give notice thereof as above, for the ſake of the family and friends of the ſaid Francis Alliſon.

May 17, 1784.

Ridley, May 15, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons who have juſt demands againſt the Eſtate of JOHN KNOWLES, late of Ridley, in Cheſter county, deceaſed, that they bring in their accounts for ſettlement, agreeable to law; and all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are earneſtly requeſted to make payment to

¶ JOHN CROZER, acting Executor.

Fourth Month, 28*th*. 1784.

ALL Perſons indebted to the eſtate of HENRY WILSON, late of the borough of Briſtol, Shop-keeper, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment. And thoſe perſons having demands againſt ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make them known to

LYDIA WILSON, Adminiſtratrix,
† RICHARD HARTSHORNE, Adminiſtrator.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber gave a Note of Twenty-five Pounds about a year ago, for a Tract of Land in Waſhington townſhip, Cumberland county, payable the Firſt day of May, 1784, unto a certain GEORGE COFMAN, and now I find that the ſaid George Cofman cannot give a proper title for ſaid land. I therefore forewarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment of ſaid note, as it was fraudulently obtained, I will not pay the ſame, unleſs compelled by law.

April 6, 1784. † GEORGE MESSEBOUGH.

RAN AWAY the night of the 9th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant Man, named JOHN O'SKULLION, he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, thin ſmooth face, thin noſe, full eyed, thin brown hair, had on and took with him a ſhort brown coat, with the ſleeves pieced with white cloth, a blue Sailor's jacket and corduroy breeches, a pair of old buckſkin ditto, two wool hats, one old, the other new, one tow ſhirt and one linen ditto. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by † ALEXANDER M'PHERSON.

May 17, 1784.

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS Reward,

BROKE out of the county Goal of Newcaſtle, on Delaware, on the night of the 28th of April laſt, the three following NEGROE MEN, to wit; WILL, a ſtout made fellow, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and is very black, had on a blue coat, ſtriped green jacket, old buckſkin breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and an old round fur hat: BOB, about 17 years of age, a ſlim made fellow, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, had on an old ſtriped linſey jacket, old linen trowſers much worn, old yarn ſtockings, and an old fur hat: BILL, a ſlim made fellow, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, had on a dark linſey coat, ſtriped linen under jacket, old black breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up the above deſcribed Negroes, and ſecures them in any goal, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or in proportion for either of them.

† THOMAS CLARK, Goaler.

New-Caſtle, May 1, 1784.

This is to give NOTICE,

THAT the Houſhold Goods, Kitchen Furniture, Horſes, Carriages, China, Books, and alſo a cellar well furniſhed with Wines of all kinds, belonging to the Miniſter of France, will be ſold by public Vendue, in his Hotel. The day of ſale will be fixed in the News-papers, and it will take place towards the end of this month. The Furniture, &c. will be ſeen eight days before the ſale, in his great hall; ſeveral of his Horſes are to be ſold from this day, and can be ſeen from 11 o'clock in the morning to one o'clock, at the ſtable adjoi ning to his houſe.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

Philad. May 6, 1784.

THE Subſcribers, having obtained Certificates for the deficiencies of cloathing to the amount of upwards of TWENTY DOLLARS, for each non-commiſſioned officer and private in the late JERSEY LINE, *who ſerved the full term of the War*; do hereby notify to all concerned, that they mean to attend at BRIDGETOWN, in Cumberland county, on the 28th of June next, and at TRENTON, from the 1ſt to the 3d of July.

† 7 W. J. PECK,) Agents.
Philad. May 12, 1784. J. BLAIR,)

SICKLES AND SCYTHES,

IN large or ſmall quantities, are now preparing for the enſuing harveſt, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, at the Sickle and Scythe, in Front-ſtreet, between Pine-ſtreet and the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. EVAN TRUMAN.

N. B. Said Truman makes all ſorts of mill-irons, branding-irons, ſmiths bellows, and ſmiths work in general, in the beſt and neateſt manner; alſo hath for ſale, fullers, tobacconiſts, timber and millers ſcrews, and a quantity of grindſtones of the beſt quality.

Orders directed to Robert Lewis and Sons, and Levi Hollingſworth, in Philadelphia; or Thomas Clarkſon and Co. in Portſmouth, Virginia, will be gratefully received, and punctually attended to. ¶ 6 w

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Philadelphia, May 4, 1784.

WE the ſubſcribers hereby certify, that after ſeveral years blindneſs, we have been reſtored to ſight by the aſſiſtance of doctor Frederick W. Jericho, phyſician and occuliſt, who intends to leave Philadelphia the laſt of this month.

RUTH POTTS, of Potts Grove,
BARBARA HANSMAN, Second-ſtreet, above Vine-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 125 acres, ſituate in Cæcil county, and State of Maryland, ſix miles from the Head of Elk, and nine from Chriſtiana bridge; there is on ſaid premiſes a good mill ſeat on Big Elk, with 14 feet head and fall, 60 acres of cleared land, 8 of which is good meadow, and more may be made, the remainder is well timbered. An indiſputable title will be given. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. § HENRY M'COY.

Tredyffirin townſhip, Cheſter county, May 8, 1784.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on Sunday, the 2d of this inſt. an indented Iriſh ſervant man, named JEREMIAH DISMAN, a ſtout well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, has ſhort brown hair, a very ſullen down look, talks much on the Iriſh dialect; had on, and took with him, a new cloth coat, with ſkirts of a lead colour, an old red double breaſted jacket, old buckſkin breeches, old ſtriped trowſers, ſhoes tied with thongs, white woollen ſtockings, and an old felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ¶ ABEL REES.

TEN DOLLARS Reward,

STOLEN, in the night of the 25th of April, from the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt-Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, the following articles, viz. a light coloured cloth Coat, with green ſpeckled horn buttons, three Waiſtcoats, one Nankeen, another black, and the other printed Linen, four Shirts, two of them ruffled, marked I C, five Holland Stocks, marked as the Shirts, three pair of Thread Stockings, a pair of Shoes and a pair of Pumps, a pair of plated Buckles, marked with the ſubſcriber's name in full, and two pair of Drawers, one of Nankeen, the other Linen. The above things were ſtolen by a certain WILLIAM FARRINGTON, born in Ireland, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has ſhort black hair, a ſcar on his right cheek, one of the fingers of his right hand ſhot off, and has a paſs ſigned by Zebulon Potts, Eſquire. Whoever apprehends the Thief, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the owner get his things again, ſhall have the above reward, or in proportion for any part of them, paid by

† JOHN CRAWFORD.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

MADE his eſcape from the Sheriff of Cheſter county, on the night of the 29th inſtant, a certain Thomas Semple, born in Ireland, about 28 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, ſandy complexion, his hair tied behind; had on a brown cloth coat, with a falling collar of blue velvet, white cloth breeches, pale blue cloth jacket, ſmall hat bound with black tape, a weaver by trade, has a wife living in Weſt Fallowfield, about which place it is probable he will reſort; has ſerved in the American army, in which ſervice received a wound in his left hand, that has diſabled his finger next the fore finger, ſo that it is cloſed in the palm of his hand. He was charged with horſe ſtealing. Any perſon that ſecures the ſaid Semple in the county goal of Cheſter ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff. *April* 30. ¶

Philadelphia, May 11, 1784.

WAS loſt laſt February, on the great road between New-Caſtle and Nottingham brick Meeting houſe, a large bundle of papers, bonds, notes, book accounts and contracts, with the name Patterſon Bell inſerted in ſeveral places. Any perſon that may have found them, and will leave them with Mr. WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, in New-Caſtle, or the Innkeeper at the brick Meeting-houſe, ſhall be generouſly rewarded and paid for all trouble. †

To be SOLD,

A BEAUTIFUL, full blooded covering HORSE. His ſire was the famous Wildair, and was reputed one of the higheſt bred horſes in England. His dam was got by Old Sterling, or Thorn's Grey; his grand-dam by Old Oliver, out of a full-blooded Dawſon mare. He is in fine order and may be ſeen at the Subſcriber's ſtable in Arch-ſtreet, Philadelphia; where is alſo to be ſold a valuable Horſe for a Chair or other carriage.

¶ WILLIAM LEWIS.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

In the town of Reading, and county of Berks,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Penn-ſtreet, containing from eaſt to weſt on the ſaid ſtreet 60 feet, and from north to ſouth 270 feet, whereon is built a large two ſtory brick houſe and other buildings, convenient for a ſtore or any other public buſineſs. For further information, enquire on the premiſes.

April 28, 1784. ¶ BALTASER ODENHEIMER.

STURGEON,

Cured in the Baltick manner, to be SOLD by

ELIZABETH PHILIPS,

in Kenſington, near the Long Bridge, either for exportation or home conſumption,

SHE has followed the ſame buſineſs for upwards of thirty years, has given general ſatisfaction to her former cuſtomers, and hopes for the continuance of their favors. She warrants the ſaid fiſh to keep in the hotteſt climates, by obſerving the following directions: Take out the bung and draw the pickle into a clean earthen pot or pan, then take out the marked head, harden on the hoops again, and pour the pickle over the fiſh, putting a clean cloth under the head of the keg to prevent the air getting in; if the pickle waſte, add ſharp vinegar to it.

Said fiſh is alſo ſold by ABRAHAM SMITH, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, Philadelphia.

May 3, 1784.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that LOTT FORD, a free Mulattoe, is now in Suſſex County, Cedar Creek Hundred, and State of Delaware, which ſaid Lott Ford, in the time of his ſervitude with me, I ſold to a certain John Vinyard, as a ſubſtitute to ſerve in the Delaware regiment during the war, or until he was free, it is now reported that ſaid John Vinyard hath ſold ſaid Lott Ford as a ſlave for life. Therefore I requeſt thoſe whom it may concern, to make their claim in due time, that I may have an opportunity to extricate myſelf from the cenſure of fraudulently ſelling ſaid mulattoe as a ſlave for life. † JOSEPH POLK, junior.

To be SOLD for CASH,

Or exchanged for GOODS,

FIVE hundred acres of valuable LAND, in Lancaſter county, Colerain townſhip, 12 miles diſtant from the canal now opening from the river Suſquehanna, 22 miles from the navigable waters of the Delaware; two mill-ſeats on the tract from two large ſtreams of water, on one of which there is a ſaw-mill erected, with 30 feet fall, 200 acres of meadow ground, 100 of which is bottom land, extraordinary for raiſing hemp; the other 100 watered bank; the plough land level and clear of ſtone, produces from 20 to 30 buſhels of wheat per acre; the land is good for paſture, and capable of being improved to a ſtock-farm or water-works, equal to any tract of the ſame quantity in the county. There are 85 acres of cheſnut timbered land at the diſtance of one mile and three quarters goes with, and is ſufficient to ſupport the farm with the beſt of fence rails. A cool fountain, and a ſmall eminence, near the center, from which the whole farm lies to view, and may be a pleaſant and healthy country ſeat. For further particulars, enquire of John M'Dowel, Eſq; of this city; James Mercer, Eſq; of Lancaſter county; Joſeph Luckey, Eſq; of Cheſter county; Mr. David Poe, merchant, of Baltimore Town; or Mr. Robert Finney, on the farm. ¶

WANTED,

At the BOARDING SCHOOL, at Burlington,

A PERSON to inſtruct YOUTH in the LATIN and ENGLISH Languages. A middle aged ſingle MAN will be moſt pleaſing, and none need apply who cannot produce proper recommendations.

TO BE LET,

For the Summer ſeaſon, or one year, to a genteel Family,

A Large and convenient Houſe with ſix rooms, cellars under the whole, waſh-houſe, ſtable, chaiſe houſe, Kitchen and flower gardens, a large ſtony fiſh pond, &c. &c. on an excellent ſpot of ground, commanding a fine proſpect of ſeveral gentlemens country ſeats and farms; about four miles from the city, ſituated in a lane leading from Nice town, on Germantown road, towards Schuylkill on the falls, in the Northern-Liberties, now or late in the tenure of Major M'Pherſon. Enquire of LEWIS TREICHEL, the upper end of Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Barracks.

N. B. To be entered on immediately. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Montgomery townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 26th ult. a brown MARE, about 14 hands high, having neither brand nor ear mark, ſuppoſed to be about 6 or 7 years old, ſhod all round, trots and paces. Any perſon proving his property, and paying charges, may take her away.

May 12. ¶ THOMAS BATES.

FOR DUBLIN,

The SHIP

AMERICAN,

WILLIAM KEELER, Maſter,

WILL ſail in all this month, and is intended to return immediately to this port. For freight or paſſage apply to *Haynes* and *Crawford*, *Donaldſon* and *Coxe*, or the ſaid Maſter on board.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of CHRISTIAN SCHNEIDER, late of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to make Payment within three Months from the Date hereof; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe requeſted to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, and receive Payment.

Philadelphia, FREDERICK SCHNEIDER, &) Execut.
May 3, 1784. HENRY FAHNS, §)

Wants Employment,

A PERSON bred in the MERCHANDIZE WAY, who can tranſact buſineſs for a Merchant or Store-keeper, to write, keep accounts, take care of ſtores, receive in and deliver out goods, underſtands the management of wine cellars, wines, ſpirits, &c. &c. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

THE Subſcribers, priſoners, confined in goal for debt, hereby give public notice to all their creditors, that they intend to apply to the next inferior Court of Common Pleas to be held in and for the county of Cumberland, in the ſtate of New-Jerſey, to have the benefit of the inſolvent law; they are therefore requeſted to appear at the Courthouſe in Bridgetown on Wedneſday, the third of June next, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of their eſtates ſhould not be made, and they be diſcharged according to ſaid law.

Cumberland Goal, EDWARD KETCHUM,
April 28, 1784. THOMAS M'GAY. ¶

For AMSTERDAM,

The Ship *Adolph,*

A fine new ſhip, with excellent accommodations,

WILL ſail about the 20th inſtant; for Paſſage apply to MATTHEW CLARKSON, in Arch-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the gate of the Friends Burial-ground. § *Philad. May* 3, 1784.

RICHARD FOOTMAN,

Is removed into Third-ſtreet next door but one to the BUNCH OF GRAPES INN, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

Where he has for SALE,

A general aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable to the ſeaſon, juſt imported from Europe. †

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD by

Conyngham, Neſbitt & Co.

At their STORE, in Front-ſtreet, below Walnut-ſtreet,

AN aſſortment of 3-4ths, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, 3-4ths brown Iriſh linens, Flanders linens and ſheetings, table linen and napkins of all kinds, a compleat aſſortment of Mancheſter goods, among which are, Cotton and linen checks of all widths, check handkerchiefs, ſtriped linen and cotton hollands, bed bunts, Dutch and Queen cords, pillow fuſtians, jeans, jeanets plain and printed, velvet and velveretts plain and printed, thickſetts, corderoys, ſatinetts and royal ribs, black pepper, beſt French brandy, and ſundry other articles, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms. Philad. May 4. §

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of Joſeph Auſtin, late of Abington, in the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed, will be expoſed to public ſale (if not before diſpoſed of at private) on the 24th day of May next, at the houſe of Elizabeth Baxter, in ſaid townſhip, either entire or in lots, as may be judged moſt convenient on ſaid day, One Hundred acres of LAND, well ſituated on the old York Road, about twelve miles from Philadelphia, on which is a ſtone dwelling-houſe, one ſtory high, two rooms below, and a cellar under the whole, and a log kitchen adjoining, alſo a log barn and ſtabling; there is about 12 acres of meadow cleared, and a conſiderable number of acres more may be made, and chiefly watered by a never failing ſtream that runs through the land, together with ſundry ſprings riſing thereon, about 60 acres of cleared land, the remaining part woodland, ſome of which has very good timber for immediate uſe, as well as young thriving timber; it is conveniently ſituated to two different places of worſhip, as alſo to ſundry griſt-mills and lime-kilns. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be acquainted with the terms by applying to SUSANNA AUSTIN, executrix, living near the premiſes, or THOMAS AUSTIN, executor, in the Manor of Moreland.

N. B. The purchaſer may have immediate poſſeſſion.

To be SOLD by public Auction,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE, on THURSDAY, the 20th inſt. at ſix o'clock in the evening (if not diſpoſed of before at private ſale)

AN elegant three ſtory brick HOUSE and LOT, ſituate the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Cheſnut-ſtreet, late the eſtate of Magdalen Devine, deceaſed, and ſold in purſuance of her will; containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet, 20 feet, and in depth 160 feet; this houſe and lot is clear of ground rent, and one of the beſt ſtands for buſineſs in the city. The terms of payment to be made known at the time and place of ſale. § SAMUEL MORRIS,)
May 5, 1784. RICHARD FOOTMAN,) Executors.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEW three ſtory brick HOUSE, with two rooms on a floor, and a good garret, alſo a two ſtory kitchen, with a handſome chamber and fire place over it, a good cellar under the whole, and cellar windows glazed, all juſt finiſhed; the ſaid houſe and kitchen are ſituate on the main ſtreet in the borough of Wilmington, New-Caſtle county. The premiſes are conveniently calculated, having an alley to the front of the houſe, with the privilege of a fourth part of a new pump of water, nearly before the door. The lot is clear of ground rent, and extends through the ſquare from ſtreet to ſtreet, with a commodious ſtable and garden on the back part thereof. For further particulars, apply to WILLIAM ZANE, in Philadelphia, or JOEL ZANE, in Wilmington aforeſaid, who will ſhew the premiſes.

Likewiſe for SALE, A PLANTATION in Cheſter county, containing about 160 acres, exceedingly well timbered, &c. Apply as above. *Fourth Month* 30, 1784.

A LATIN GRAMMAR SCHOOL

is conducted, by the ſubſcribers, at Pitts-Grove, Salem county, ſtate of New-Jerſey, where particular attention is paid, not only to the morals and grammatical exerciſes of the youth, but alſo, that they write and ſpeak the Engliſh language with propriety.

Tuition is Twenty five Shillings per quarter; and lodging may be had, in reputable families, for Seven Shillings and Six-pence per week.

Such Gentlemen as incline to ſend to ſaid ſchool, may depend upon the beſt endeavours of WILLIAM SCHENCK, and
March 25, 1784. ¶ NATHAN GRIER.

Eaſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, April 29, 1784.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſheds at the Buck tavern, on Lancaſter road, on the night of the 28th inſtant, a roan HORSE, between 10 and 11 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, paces, trots and canters, dark mane and tail, thin in fleſh. Alſo was ſtolen, a dark lead coloured great coat, with large metal buttons, only one button on each ſide, a blind halter, black grained, one ſide of the reins broke and tied, a twilled bag, marked J. F. with red chalk, pillow caſe and a tow towel. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and goods, and apprehends the thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Five Dollars for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JAMES M'LAUGHLIN.

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